

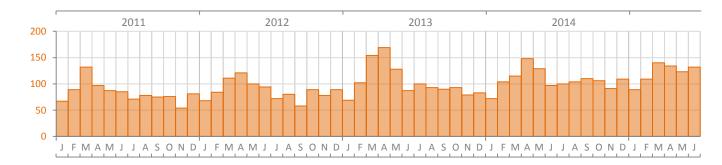


Summary Statistics	June 2015	June 2014	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	132	97	36.1%
Paid in Cash	87	66	31.8%
New Pending Sales	94	104	-9.6%
New Listings	109	132	-17.4%
Median Sale Price	\$132,238	\$115,500	14.5%
Average Sale Price	\$173,968	\$150,281	15.8%
Median Days on Market	49	73	-32.9%
Average Percent of Original List Price Received	92.7%	90.0%	3.0%
Pending Inventory	147	157	-6.4%
Inventory (Active Listings)	402	558	-28.0%
Months Supply of Inventory	3.6	5.6	-35.7%

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Closed Sales

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
June 2015	132	36.1%
May 2015	123	-4.7%
April 2015	134	-9.5%
March 2015	140	21.7%
February 2015	109	4.8%
January 2015	89	23.6%
December 2014	109	31.3%
November 2014	91	15.2%
October 2014	106	14.0%
September 2014	110	22.2%
August 2014	104	11.8%
July 2014	100	0.0%
June 2014	97	11.5%



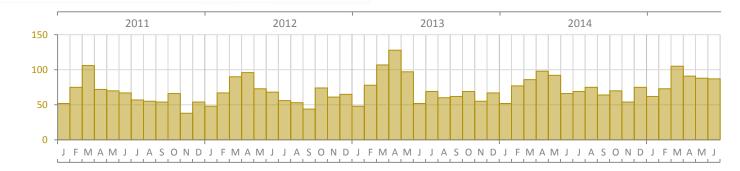
Cash Sales



Cash Sales The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash *Economists' note* : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to

which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
June 2015	87	31.8%
May 2015	88	-4.3%
April 2015	91	-7.1%
March 2015	105	22.1%
February 2015	73	-5.2%
January 2015	62	19.2%
December 2014	75	11.9%
November 2014	54	-1.8%
October 2014	70	1.4%
September 2014	64	3.2%
August 2014	75	25.0%
July 2014	69	0.0%
June 2014	66	26.9%

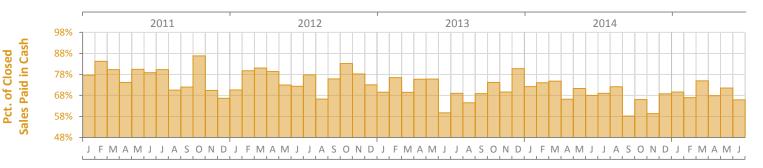


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
June 2015	65.9%	-3.1%
May 2015	71.5%	0.3%
April 2015	67.9%	2.6%
March 2015	75.0%	0.3%
February 2015	67.0%	-9.5%
January 2015	69.7%	-3.5%
December 2014	68.8%	-14.8%
November 2014	59.3%	-14.8%
October 2014	66.0%	-11.0%
September 2014	58.2%	-15.5%
August 2014	72.1%	11.8%
July 2014	69.0%	0.0%
June 2014	68.0%	13.8%



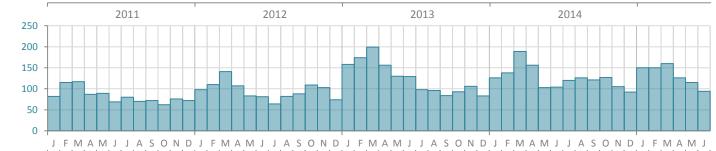


New Pending Sales

The number of property listings that went from "Active" to "Pending" status during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.





New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note : In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a *lagging* indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
June 2015	109	-17.4%
May 2015	126	-17.6%
April 2015	150	-6.8%
March 2015	164	-8.9%
February 2015	163	-3.6%
January 2015	182	-6.7%
December 2014	130	-6.5%
November 2014	127	-24.9%
October 2014	141	-9.0%
September 2014	141	-2.1%
August 2014	127	-5.2%
July 2014	138	4.5%
June 2014	132	-7.7%



Produced by Florida REALTORS® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Wednesday, July 22, 2015. Next data release is Thursday, August 20, 2015.

New Listings



Percent Change Median Sale Price Median Sale Price Month Year-over-Year June 2015 \$132,238 14.5% The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% May 2015 \$138,000 38.0% April 2015 \$117,750 -1.1% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below) March 2015 \$124,500 13.2% February 2015 15.6% \$130,000 January 2015 \$115,000 7.5% December 2014 \$107,000 -18.2% Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary November 2014 15.8% \$115,751 statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median October 2014 \$125,000 49.8% Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of September 2014 \$118,750 -1.0% homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. August 2014 \$112,500 2.3% July 2014 \$98,500 -10.5% June 2014 \$115,500 3.1%

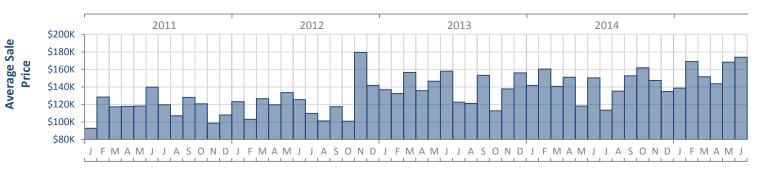


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note : As noted above, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
June 2015	\$173,968	15.8%
May 2015	\$168,203	42.2%
April 2015	\$143,619	-5.0%
March 2015	\$151,696	7.8%
February 2015	\$168,950	5.3%
January 2015	\$138,607	-2.2%
December 2014	\$134,910	-13.6%
November 2014	\$147,413	7.0%
October 2014	\$161,812	43.5%
September 2014	\$152,704	-0.4%
August 2014	\$135,176	11.7%
July 2014	\$113,531	-7.4%
June 2014	\$150,281	-4.9%



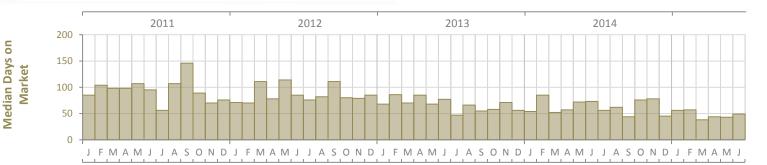


Median Days on Market

The median number of days that properties sold during the month were on the market

Economists' note : Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Month	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
June 2015	49	-32.9%
May 2015	43	-40.3%
April 2015	44	-22.8%
March 2015	38	-26.9%
February 2015	57	-32.9%
January 2015	56	3.7%
December 2014	45	-19.6%
November 2014	78	9.9%
October 2014	76	31.0%
September 2014	44	-20.0%
August 2014	62	-6.1%
July 2014	56	19.1%
June 2014	73	-5.2%

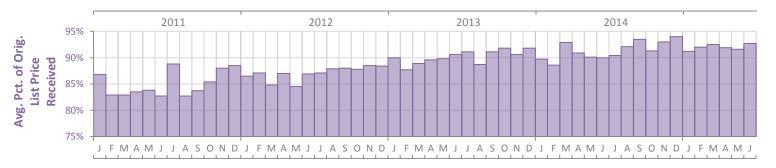


Average Percent of Original List Price Received

The average of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note : The Average Percent of Original List Price Received is an indicator of market conditions, in that in a recovering market, the measure rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market that has shifted from down to up, and is another *lagging* indicator.

Month	Avg. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
June 2015	92.7%	3.0%
May 2015	91.6%	1.7%
April 2015	91.9%	1.1%
March 2015	92.5%	-0.4%
February 2015	92.0%	3.8%
January 2015	91.2%	1.7%
December 2014	94.0%	2.4%
November 2014	93.0%	2.6%
October 2014	91.3%	-0.5%
September 2014	93.5%	2.6%
August 2014	92.1%	3.8%
July 2014	90.4%	-0.8%
June 2014	90.0%	-0.7%



Inventory



Inventory (Active Listings)
The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note : There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

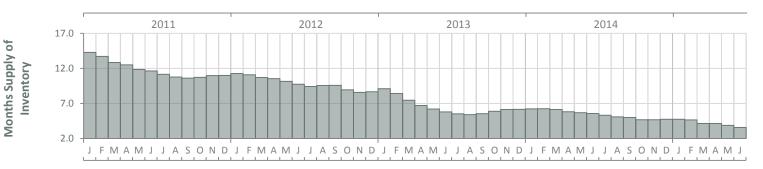
Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
June 2015	402	-28.0%
May 2015	424	-25.0%
April 2015	455	-21.4%
March 2015	461	-25.6%
February 2015	508	-22.1%
January 2015	514	-20.9%
December 2014	509	-20.5%
November 2014	490	-23.6%
October 2014	487	-20.8%
September 2014	514	-10.8%
August 2014	515	-6.2%
July 2014	534	-3.4%
June 2014	558	-1.8%



Months Supply of Inventory An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: This is an indicator of the state of the market, whether it is a buyers' market or a sellers' market. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 Months of Inventory. Higher numbers indicate a buyers' market, lower numbers a sellers' market.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
June 2015	3.6	-35.7%
May 2015	3.9	-31.8%
April 2015	4.1	-28.9%
March 2015	4.2	-32.3%
February 2015	4.7	-25.4%
January 2015	4.7	-24.1%
December 2014	4.8	-22.8%
November 2014	4.7	-23.9%
October 2014	4.7	-20.5%
September 2014	5.0	-9.8%
August 2014	5.1	-6.0%
July 2014	5.3	-3.4%
June 2014	5.6	-4.0%





Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

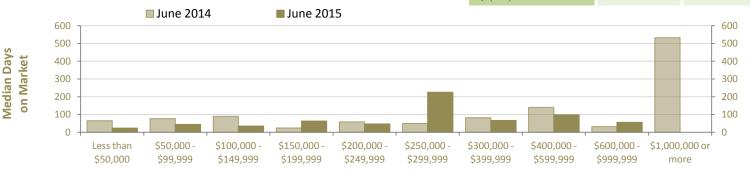
Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	2	-75.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	35	16.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	42	44.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	22	214.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	14	27.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	4	-33.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	3	50.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	7	250.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	2	100.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	1	0.0%



Median Days on Market by Sale Price The median number of days that properties sold during the month were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took less time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Sale Price	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	23	-64.6%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	44	-42.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	35	-61.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	63	162.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	47	-19.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	225	359.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	66	-19.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	98	-30.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	56	80.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	0	-100.0%





New Listings by Initial Listing Price
The number of properties put onto the market during
the month

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	5	66.7%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	27	-41.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	30	-21.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	22	29.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	18	50.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	3	-25.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	2	-50.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	1	-75.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1	-75.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	0	N/A



Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	7	-61.1%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	73	-52.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	97	-15.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	75	1.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	55	-3.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	26	-31.6%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	24	-52.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	15	-44.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	20	25.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	10	25.0%



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Monthly Distressed Market - June 2015 Townhouses and Condos Martin County



