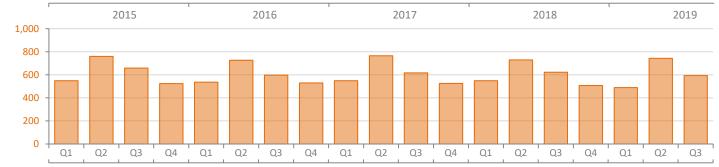




Closed Sales

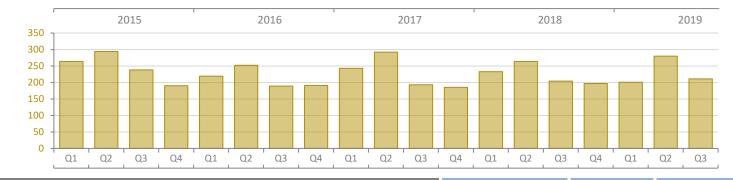
Summary Statistics	Q3 2019	Q3 2018	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	593	622	-4.7%
Paid in Cash	211	204	3.4%
Median Sale Price	\$375,000	\$350,000	7.1%
Average Sale Price	\$472,254	\$447,856	5.4%
Dollar Volume	\$280.0 Million	\$278.6 Million	0.5%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	94.6%	95.0%	-0.4%
Median Time to Contract	57 Days	48 Days	18.8%
Median Time to Sale	103 Days	92 Days	12.0%
New Pending Sales	614	589	4.2%
New Listings	659	705	-6.5%
Pending Inventory	325	277	17.3%
Inventory (Active Listings)	871	874	-0.3%
Months Supply of Inventory	4.5	4.3	4.7%

Closed Sales	Quarter	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	1,825	-3.9%
The number of sales transactions which closed during	Q3 2019	593	-4.7%
the quarter	Q2 2019	743	1.9%
	Q1 2019	489	-10.8%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most	Q4 2018	507	-3.4%
important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When	Q3 2018	622	1.0%
comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we	Q2 2018	729	-4.7%
recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the	Q1 2018	548	0.0%
number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are	Q4 2017	525	-0.8%
	Q3 2017	616	3.2%
affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately	Q2 2017	765	5.4%
represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's	Q1 2017	548	2.2%
sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.	Q4 2016	529	1.0%
	Q3 2016	597	-9.3%





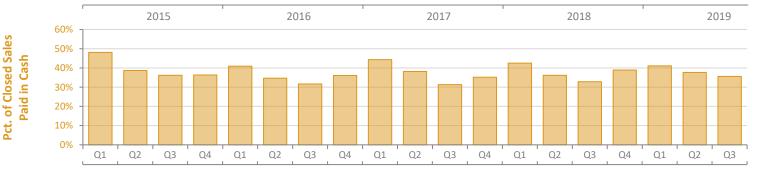
Cash Sales	Quarter	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	692	-1.3%
The number of Closed Sales during the quarter in	Q3 2019	211	3.4%
	Q2 2019	280	6.1%
which buyers exclusively paid in cash	Q1 2019	201	-13.7%
	Q4 2018	197	6.5%
	Q3 2018	204	5.7%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to	Q2 2018	264	-9.6%
which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are	Q1 2018	233	-4.1%
far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front,	Q4 2017	185	-3.1%
whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other	Q3 2017	193	2.1%
form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so	Q2 2017	292	15.9%
this statistic should be interpreted with care.	Q1 2017	243	11.0%
*	Q4 2016	191	0.5%
	Q3 2016	189	-20.6%



Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales The percentage of Closed Sales during the quarter which were Cash Sales

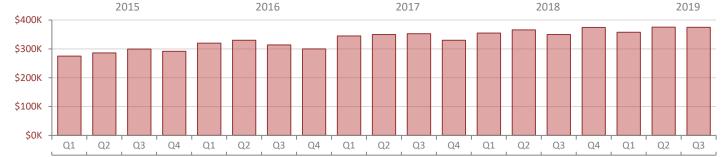
Economists' note : This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each quarter involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.







Percent Change Median Sale Price Quarter Median Sale Price Year-over-Year Year-to-Date \$371,000 4.5% The median sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. 03 2019 \$375,000 7.1% Q2 2019 2.5% \$375,150 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below) Q1 2019 \$357,450 0.7% Q4 2018 \$374,000 13.3% *Economists' note* : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary Q3 2018 -0.7% \$350,000 statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Q2 2018 4.6% \$366,000 Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of Q1 2018 \$355,000 2.9% homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind Q4 2017 \$330,000 10.0% that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by Q3 2017 \$352,600 12.4% changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only Q2 2017 \$350,000 6.1% Q1 2017 \$345,000 7.8% reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each quarter, and the mix of Q4 2016 \$300,000 2.8% the types of homes that sell can change over time. Q3 2016 \$313,750 4.8%



Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

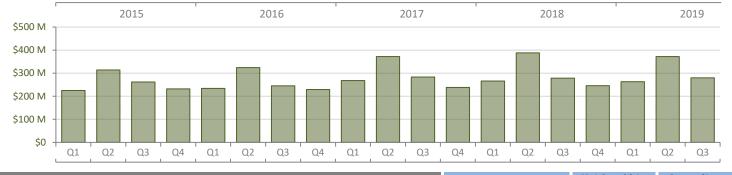
Quarter	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$501,475	2.0%
Q3 2019	\$472,254	5.4%
Q2 2019	\$500,577	-6.0%
Q1 2019	\$538,274	10.8%
Q4 2018	\$484,716	6.9%
Q3 2018	\$447 <i>,</i> 856	-2.6%
Q2 2018	\$532,751	9.5%
Q1 2018	\$485,900	-0.6%
Q4 2017	\$453 <i>,</i> 382	4.7%
Q3 2017	\$459,767	12.0%
Q2 2017	\$486,656	9.0%
Q1 2017	\$488,745	11.8%
Q4 2016	\$433,154	-2.1%
Q3 2016	\$410,603	3.1%





Dollar Volume	Quarter	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	\$915.2 Million	-1.9%
The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed	Q3 2019	\$280.0 Million	0.5%
during the quarter	Q2 2019	\$371.9 Million	-4.2%
	Q1 2019	\$263.2 Million	-1.1%
	Q4 2018	\$245.8 Million	3.2%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices	Q3 2018	\$278.6 Million	-1.6%
in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying	Q2 2018	\$388.4 Million	4.3%
Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health	Q1 2018	\$266.3 Million	-0.6%
of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to	Q4 2017	\$238.0 Million	3.9%
real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies.	Q3 2017	\$283.2 Million	15.5%
Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely	Q2 2017	\$372.3 Million	14.8%
be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components	Q1 2017	\$267.8 Million	14.3%
of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.	Q4 2016	\$229.1 Million	-1.2%
	Q3 2016	\$245.1 Million	-6.4%



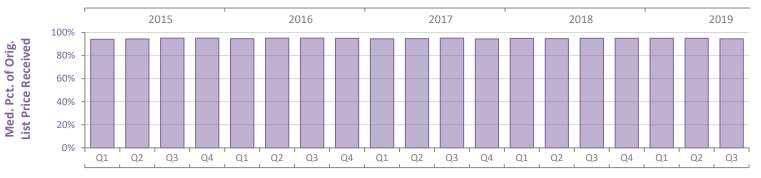


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the quarter

Economists' note : The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Quarter	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	94.8%	0.0%
Q3 2019	94.6%	-0.4%
Q2 2019	95.0%	0.3%
Q1 2019	94.9%	0.1%
Q4 2018	94.9%	0.5%
Q3 2018	95.0%	-0.1%
Q2 2018	94.7%	0.0%
Q1 2018	94.8%	0.2%
Q4 2017	94.4%	-0.5%
Q3 2017	95.1%	0.0%
Q2 2017	94.7%	-0.4%
Q1 2017	94.6%	-0.1%
Q4 2016	94.9%	-0.2%
Q3 2016	95.1%	0.0%

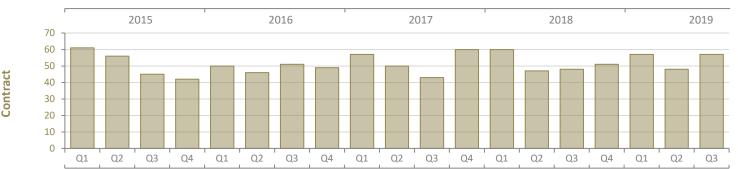




Median Time to Median Time to Contract Quarter Contract Year-to-Date 53 Days The median number of days between the listing date 03 2019 57 Days Q2 2019 48 Days and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter Q1 2019 57 Days Q4 2018 51 Days Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of Q3 2018 48 Days the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed Q2 2018 47 Days

during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.





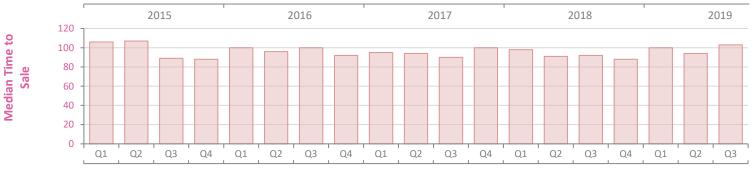
Median Time to Sale

Median Time to

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

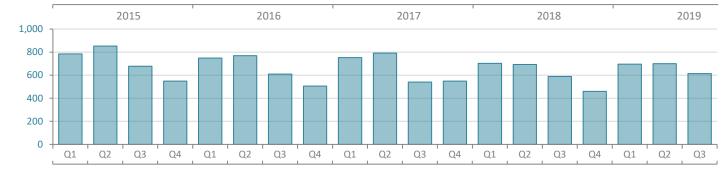
Economists' note : Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Quarter	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	98 Days	6.5%
Q3 2019	103 Days	12.0%
Q2 2019	94 Days	3.3%
Q1 2019	100 Days	2.0%
Q4 2018	88 Days	-12.0%
Q3 2018	92 Days	2.2%
Q2 2018	91 Days	-3.2%
Q1 2018	98 Days	3.2%
Q4 2017	100 Days	8.7%
Q3 2017	90 Days	-10.0%
Q2 2017	94 Days	-2.1%
Q1 2017	95 Days	-5.0%
Q4 2016	92 Days	4.5%
Q3 2016	100 Days	12.4%





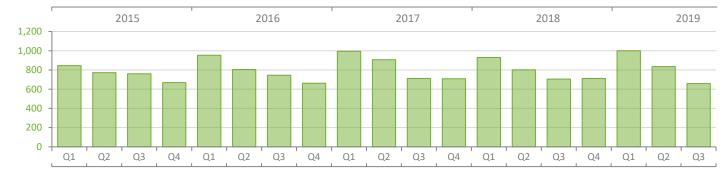
New Pending Sales	Quarter	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	2,009	1.3%
The number of listed properties that went under	Q3 2019	614	4.2%
contract during the quarter	Q2 2019	700	1.0%
	Q1 2019	695	-1.0%
	Q4 2018	460	-16.1%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a	Q3 2018	589	9.1%
sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent	Q2 2018	693	-12.4%
indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in	Q1 2018	702	-6.8%
mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully.	Q4 2017	548	8.5%
So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed	Q3 2017	540	-11.5%
Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the	Q2 2017	791	2.9%
availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of	Q1 2017	753	0.7%
distressed properties for sale.	Q4 2016	505	-8.0%
	Q3 2016	610	-9.9%



New Listings The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Quarter	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	2,493	2.3%
Q3 2019	659	-6.5%
Q2 2019	834	4.0%
Q1 2019	1,000	7.5%
Q4 2018	712	0.6%
Q3 2018	705	-1.0%
Q2 2018	802	-11.5%
Q1 2018	930	-6.4%
Q4 2017	708	7.1%
Q3 2017	712	-4.4%
Q2 2017	906	12.5%
Q1 2017	994	4.3%
Q4 2016	661	-1.0%
Q3 2016	745	-2.0%



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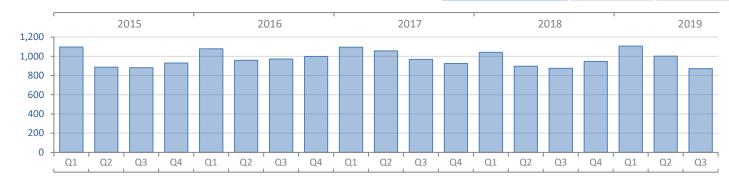
New Listings



Inventory (Active Listings)	Quarter	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	YTD (Monthly Avg)	1,041	8.3%
The number of property listings active at the end of	Q3 2019	871	-0.3%
	Q2 2019	1,001	11.6%
the quarter	Q1 2019	1,106	6.1%
	Q4 2018	947	2.4%
<i>Economists' note</i> : There are a number of ways to define and calculate	Q3 2018	874	-9.7%
Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings	Q2 2018	897	-15.1%
on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with	Q1 2018	1,042	-4.8%
the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New	Q4 2017	925	-7.3%
Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market	Q3 2017	968	-0.3%
(regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New	Q2 2017	1,057	10.3%
Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-	Q1 2017	1,094	1.5%

Q4 2016

Q3 2016



Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note : MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

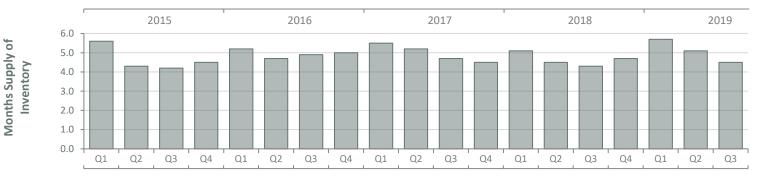
Quarter	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	5.3	12.8%
Q3 2019	4.5	4.7%
Q2 2019	5.1	13.3%
Q1 2019	5.7	11.8%
Q4 2018	4.7	4.4%
Q3 2018	4.3	-8.5%
Q2 2018	4.5	-13.5%
Q1 2018	5.1	-7.3%
Q4 2017	4.5	-10.0%
Q3 2017	4.7	-4.1%
Q2 2017	5.2	10.6%
Q1 2017	5.5	5.8%
Q4 2016	5.0	11.1%
Q3 2016	4.9	16.7%

998

971

7.4%

10.1%



market.

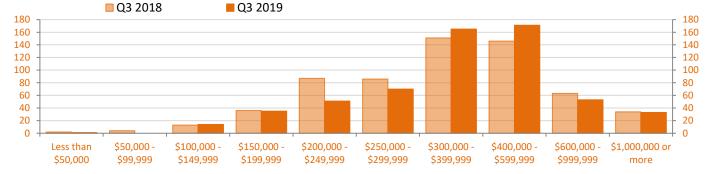


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.

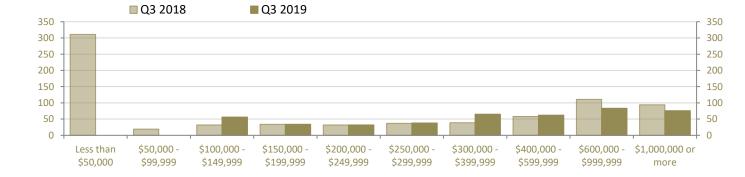




Median Time to Contract by Sale Price The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0 Days	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	56 Days	75.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	34 Days	0.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	32 Days	0.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	38 Days	2.7%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	65 Days	66.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	62 Days	6.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	83 Days	-25.2%
\$1.000.000 or more	76 Days	-19.1%



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Median Time to Contract



New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

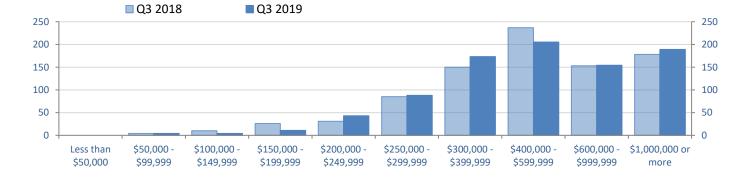
Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	2	-33.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	7	-41.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	15	-54.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	68	28.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	83	-15.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	161	1.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	191	-3.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	78	-18.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	53	0.0%



Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

Economists' note : There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going offmarket.

	Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
	\$50,000 - \$99,999	4	0.0%
	\$100,000 - \$149,999	4	-60.0%
	\$150,000 - \$199,999	11	-57.7%
	\$200,000 - \$249,999	43	38.7%
	\$250,000 - \$299,999	88	3.5%
	\$300,000 - \$399,999	173	15.3%
	\$400,000 - \$599,999	205	-13.5%
	\$600,000 - \$999,999	154	0.7%
	\$1,000,000 or more	189	6.2%



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nventory

Quarterly Distressed Market - Q3 2019 Single Family Homes Martin County



