



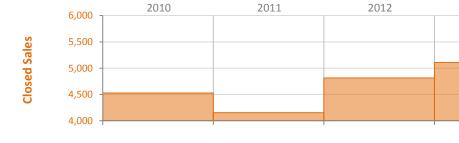
Summary Statistics	2015	2014	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	5,602	5,790	-3.2%
Paid in Cash	2,160	2,758	-21.7%
New Pending Sales	6,690	8,055	-16.9%
New Listings	8,062	8,334	-3.3%
Median Sale Price	\$156,250	\$133,688	16.9%
Average Sale Price	\$173,727	\$148,231	17.2%
Median Days on Market	32	53	-39.6%
Average Percent of Original List Price Received	95.6%	93.7%	2.0%
Pending Inventory	752	845	-11.0%
Inventory (Active Listings)	1,754.0	1,748.0	0.3%
Months Supply of Inventory	3.8	3.6	3.7%

Closed Sales	Year	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of sales transactions which closed during	2015	5,602	-3.2%
the year	2014	5,790	13.4%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most	2013	5,108	6.1%
important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we	2012	4,815	16.0%
recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of	2011	4,152	-8.3%
month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.	2010	4,526	-9.2%

2013

2014

2015





Cash Sales	Year	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of Closed Sales during the year in which	2015	2,160	-21.7%
buyers exclusively paid in cash	2014	2,758	-1.9%
	2013	2,811	1.6%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other	2012	2,766	17.6%
	2011	2,352	-2.2%
form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.	2010	2,405	2.4%

3,000 -	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
2,800						
2,600						
2,400						
2,200 -						
2,000 -						

Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales	Year	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which	2015	38.6%	-19.1%
were Cash Sales	2014	47.6%	-13.4%
	2013	55.0%	-4.2%
<b>Economists' note</b> : This statistic is simply another way of viewing	2012	57.4%	1.4%
Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.	2011	56.6%	6.6%
mortgages, owner/sener mancing, assumed toans, etc.	2010	53.1%	12.8%

**Cash Sales** 

65%	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
0378						
55%						
45%						
43%						
35%						
259/						
25%						



New Pending Sales	Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of property listings that went from	2015	6,690	-16.9%
'Active" to "Pending" status during the year	2014	8,055	3.9%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a	2013	7,750	27.7%
sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind between that not all Panding Sales will be alread suggestivily	2012	6,071	44.7%
mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the	2011	4,197	-4.5%
availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.	2010	4,397	-14.3%

New Listings	Year	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of properties put onto the market during	2015	8,062	-3.3%
the year	2014	8,334	1.7%
	2013	8,192	9.0%
<i>Economists' note</i> : In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this is expected will take along only often the meridate has tarmed as a New York target.	2012	7,517	7.4%
increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a <i>lagging</i> indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and	2011	6,998	-8.7%
then relisted. These are not really New Listings.	2010	7,668	-15.1%



8,800 -	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
8,300 -						
7,800 -						
7,300 -						
6,800 -						

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Median Sale Price	Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of	2015	\$156,250	16.9%
sales were above and 50% of sales were below)	2014	\$133,688	11.4%
	2013	\$120,000	20.0%
Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary	2012	\$100,000	5.3%
statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area.	2011	\$95,000	-4.2%
nomes that may not be that attensite of the market area.	2010	\$99,190	-5.5%

2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 \$180K \$160K \$140K \$140K \$120K \$100K \$100K \$80K

Average Sale Price	Year	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total	2015	\$173,727	17.2%
sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)	2014	\$148,231	11.1%
	2013	\$133,435	13.7%
<i>Economists' note</i> : As noted above, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However,	2012	\$117,331	1.8%
Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference	2011	\$115,282	0.6%
between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.	2010	\$114,615	-0.6%

	\$180K -	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Sale							
erage (	\$160K -						
Avera	\$140K -						
	\$120K -						
	\$100K -	1					

homes in the market.



Median Days on Market	Year	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The median number of days that properties sold during	2015	32	-39.6%
the year were on the market	2014	53	-8.6%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Median Days on Market is the amount of time the	2013	58	-27.5%
"middle" property selling this year was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this year took <i>less</i> time to sell, and 50% of homes took	2012	80	-4.8%
<i>more</i> time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an	2011	84	9.1%
unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market	2010	77	18.5%

100 -	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
- 80						
60 -						
40 -						
20 -						
0 -						

Average Percent of Original List Price Received	Year	Avg. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The average of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list	2015	95.6%	2.0%
price) across all properties selling during the year	2014	93.7%	-0.1%
<i>Economists' note</i> : The Average Percent of Original List Price Received	2013	93.8%	2.9%
is an indicator of market conditions, in that in a recovering market, the measure rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away	2012	91.2%	1.0%
from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to	2011	90.3%	-0.4%
indicate a market that has shifted from down to up, and is another <i>lagging</i> indicator.	2010	90.7%	0.4%

	97% -	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Orig. e d	95% -						
of O rice ved	93% -						
t P cei	91% -						
vg. P. Lis Re	89% -						
Av	87% - 85% -						



Inventory (Active Listings)	Year	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of property listings active at the end of	2015	1,754	0.3%
the year	2014	1,748	-20.0%
	2013	2,186	10.0%
<i>Economists' note</i> : There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market.	2012	1,987	-38.1%
We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the year, and hold this number to compare with the same	2011	3,211	-11.3%
calculation for the following year.	2010	3,621	-5.7%

Inventory

' - 4,100	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
3,600 -						
3,100 -						
2,600 -						
2,100 -						
1,600 -						

Months Supply of Inventory	Year	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
An estimate of the number of months it will take to	2015	3.8	3.7%
deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates	2014	3.6	-29.5%
	2013	5.1	3.7%
<i>Economists' note</i> : This is an indicator of the state of the market, whether it is a buyers' market or a sellers' market. The benchmark for	2012	5.0	-46.6%
a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 Months of Inventory. Higher numbers indicate a buyers' market, lower numbers	2011	9.3	N/A
a sellers' market.	2010	(No Sales)	N/A

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	10.0 -	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
ory	8.0 -						
ventor	6.0 -						
ц	4.0 -						
	2.0 -						



**Closed Sales by Sale Price** The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

*Economists' note*: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

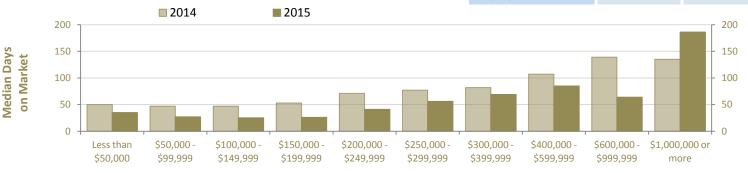
Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	174	-45.8%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	807	-39.4%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	1,580	-15.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	1,492	19.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	765	57.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	391	65.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	219	31.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	118	45.7%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	50	56.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	6	-40.0%



### Median Days on Market by Sale Price The median number of days that properties sold during the year were on the market

*Economists' note:* Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this year was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this year took less time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Sale Price	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	35	-30.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	27	-42.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	25	-46.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	26	-50.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	41	-42.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	56	-27.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	69	-15.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	85	-20.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	64	-54.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	186	37.8%





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### New Listings by Initial Listing Price The number of properties put onto the market during the year

*Economists' note:* In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

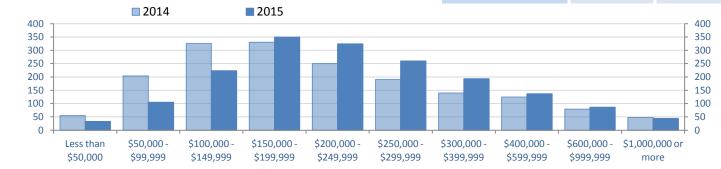
Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	203	-42.7%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	866	-42.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	1,741	-25.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	2,020	7.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	1,299	49.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	896	50.8%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	531	38.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	307	25.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	147	27.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	52	-13.3%



#### Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the year

*Economists' note:* There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the year, and hold this number to compare with the same calculation for the following year.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Year-over-Year	
Less than \$50,000	33	-40.0%	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	105	-48.5%	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	223	-31.6%	
\$150,000 - \$199,999	349	5.8%	
\$200,000 - \$249,999	324	29.6%	
\$250,000 - \$299,999	260	36.1%	
\$300,000 - \$399,999	193	37.9%	
\$400,000 - \$599,999	137	9.6%	
\$600,000 - \$999,999	86	8.9%	
\$1,000,000 or more	44	-8.3%	



Produced by Florida REALTORS® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Wednesday, February 10, 2016. Next yearly data release is TBD.

Inventory

Yearly Distressed Market - 2015 Single Family Homes St. Lucie County





		2015	2014	Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	4,275	3,578	19.5%
	Median Sale Price	\$168,000	\$149,250	12.6%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	1,125	1,846	-39.1%
	Median Sale Price	\$122,100	\$109,725	11.3%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	202	366	-44.8%
	Median Sale Price	\$130,000	\$120,000	8.3%

Traditional ■ Foreclosure/REO Short Sale

