



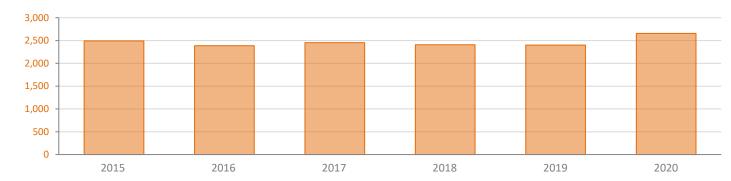
Summary Statistics	2020	2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	2,655	2,402	10.5%
Paid in Cash	933	902	3.4%
Median Sale Price	\$400,000	\$371,000	7.8%
Average Sale Price	\$599,659	\$495,328	21.1%
Dollar Volume	\$1.6 Billion	\$1.2 Billion	33.8%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.8%	94.9%	0.9%
Median Time to Contract	39 Days	52 Days	-25.0%
Median Time to Sale	85 Days	97 Days	-12.4%
New Pending Sales	2,952	2,508	17.7%
New Listings	3,126	3,184	-1.8%
Pending Inventory	345	218	58.3%
Inventory (Active Listings)	490	902	-45.7%
Months Supply of Inventory	2.2	4.5	-51.1%

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The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

**Economists' note**: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Year	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	2,655	10.5%
2019	2,402	-0.2%
2018	2,406	-2.0%
2017	2,454	2.8%
2016	2,388	-4.1%
2015	2,491	10.1%



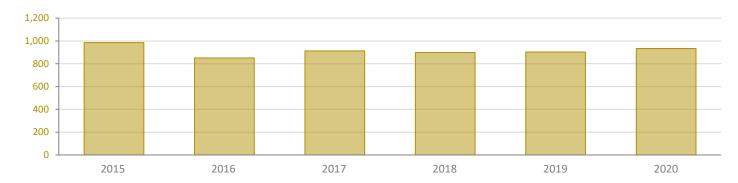
Cash Sales



The number of Closed Sales during the y	ear in which
buyers exclusively paid in cash	

**Economists' note**: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Year	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	933	3.4%
2019	902	0.4%
2018	898	-1.6%
2017	913	7.3%
2016	851	-13.7%
2015	986	0.8%



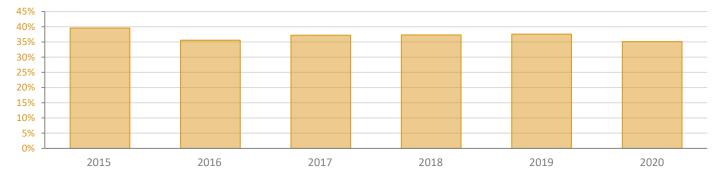
#### Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which were Cash Sales

**Economists' note**: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each year involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Year	Sales Paid in Cash	Year-over-Year
2020	35.1%	-6.6%
2019	37.6%	0.8%
2018	37.3%	0.3%
2017	37.2%	4.5%
2016	35.6%	-10.1%
2015	39.6%	-8.3%







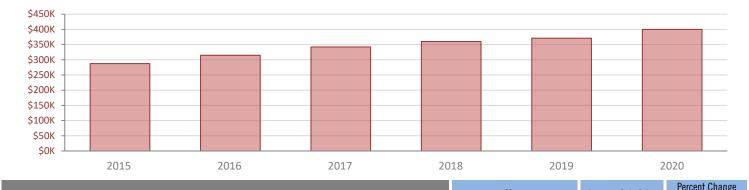
# Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

**Economists' note**: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each year, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	\$400,000	7.8%
2019	\$371,000	3.1%
2018	\$360,000	5.2%
2017	\$342,250	8.7%
2016	\$315,000	9.6%
2015	\$287,500	4.5%





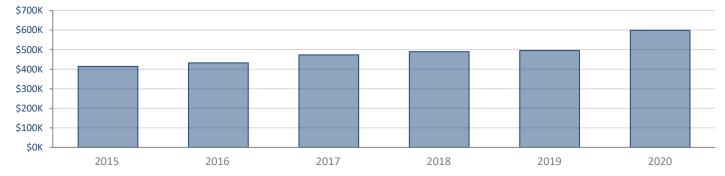
# Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

*Economists' note*: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Year
2020
2019
2018
2017
2016
2015
2020 2019 2018 2017 2016



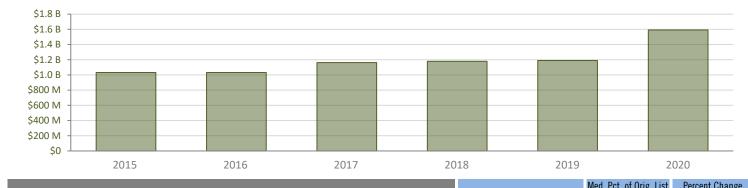




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The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed	
during the year	

*Economists' note*: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Year	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	\$1.6 Billion	33.8%
2019	\$1.2 Billion	0.9%
2018	\$1.2 Billion	1.5%
2017	\$1.2 Billion	12.5%
2016	\$1.0 Billion	0.0%
2015	\$1.0 Billion	22.3%



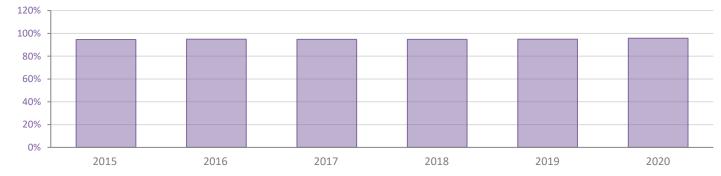
#### Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the year

**Economists' note**: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Year	Price Received	Year-over-Year
2020	95.8%	0.9%
2019	94.9%	0.1%
2018	94.8%	0.0%
2017	94.8%	-0.1%
2016	94.9%	0.3%
2015	94.6%	0.9%







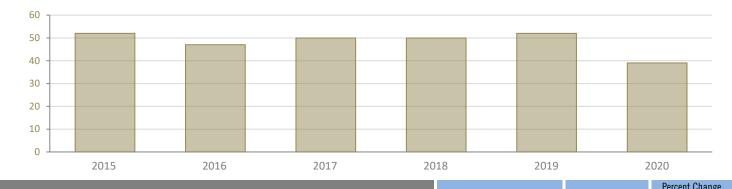
#### Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

**Economists' note**: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Year	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	39 Days	-25.0%
2019	52 Days	4.0%
2018	50 Days	0.0%
2017	50 Days	6.4%
2016	47 Days	-9.6%
2015	52 Days	-24.6%

Median Time to



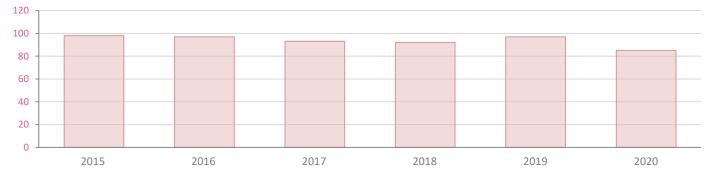
#### Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the year

*Economists' note*: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Year	Median Time to Sale	Year-over-Year
2020	85 Days	-12.4%
2019	97 Days	5.4%
2018	92 Days	-1.1%
2017	93 Days	-4.1%
2016	97 Days	-1.0%
2015	98 Days	-12.5%

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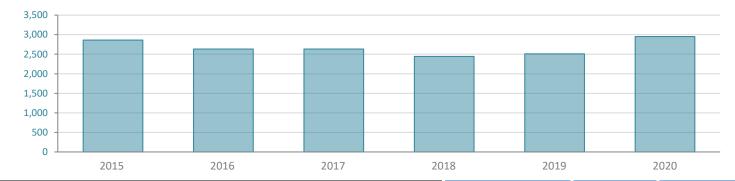




# New Pending Sales The number of listed properties that went under contract during the year

**Economists' note**: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
2020	2,952	17.7%	
2019	2,508	2.6%	
2018	2,444	-7.1%	
2017	2,632	0.0%	
2016	2,632	-8.1%	
2015	2,863	7.0%	

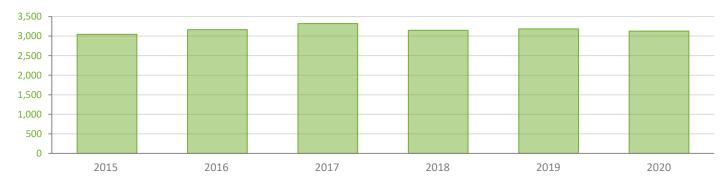


# New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

**Economists' note**: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Year	New Listings	Year-over-Year	
2020	3,126	-1.8%	
2019	3,184	1.1%	
2018	3,149	-5.2%	
2017	3,320	4.9%	
2016	3,164	3.9%	
2015	3,044	-1.0%	



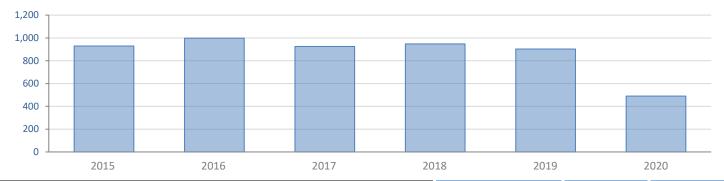


# Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Year	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
2020	490	-45.7%	
2019	902	-4.8%	
2018	947	2.4%	
2017	925	-7.3%	
2016	998	7.4%	
2015	929	-14.8%	



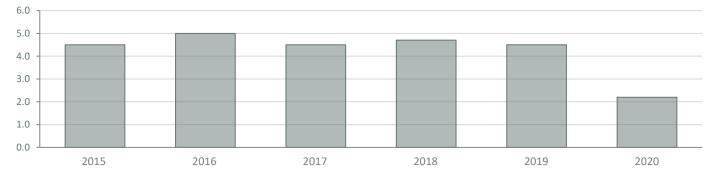
## Months Supply of Inventory (Year-End)

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Year	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
2020	2.2	-51.1%	
2019	4.5	-4.3%	
2018	4.7	4.4%	
2017	4.5	-10.0%	
2016	5.0	11.1%	
2015	4.5	-22.4%	





### Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

**Economists' note**: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
Less than \$50,000	2	-71.4%	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	4	-73.3%	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	46	-39.5%	
\$150,000 - \$199,999	104	-21.2%	
\$200,000 - \$249,999	212	-0.9%	
\$250,000 - \$299,999	315	-0.6%	
\$300,000 - \$399,999	638	2.4%	
\$400,000 - \$599,999	736	19.5%	
\$600,000 - \$999,999	359	41.9%	
\$1,000,000 or more	239	60.4%	

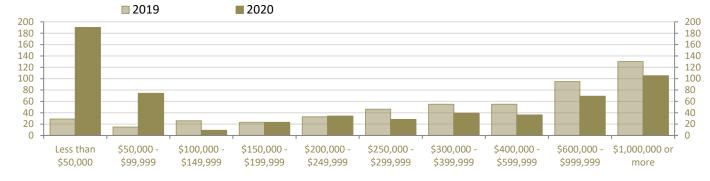


#### Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

*Economists' note*: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	190 Days	555.2%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	74 Days	393.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	9 Days	-65.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	23 Days	0.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	34 Days	3.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	28 Days	-39.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	39 Days	-29.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	36 Days	-34.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	69 Days	-27.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	105 Days	-19.2%

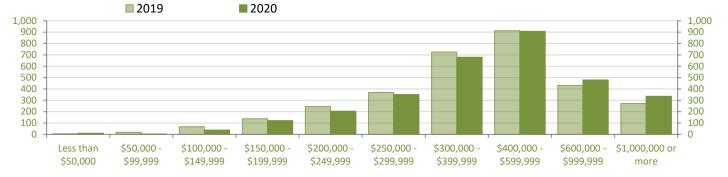


# New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

*Economists' note:* New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	10	100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	2	-88.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	38	-44.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	121	-12.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	204	-17.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	351	-4.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	679	-6.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	907	-0.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	479	11.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	335	23.2%



# Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	2	100.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	6	50.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	13	-35.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	19	-62.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	30	-60.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	91	-47.4%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	110	-49.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	97	-43.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	122	-35.4%



#### Yearly Distressed Market - 2020 Single Family Homes Martin County



2020



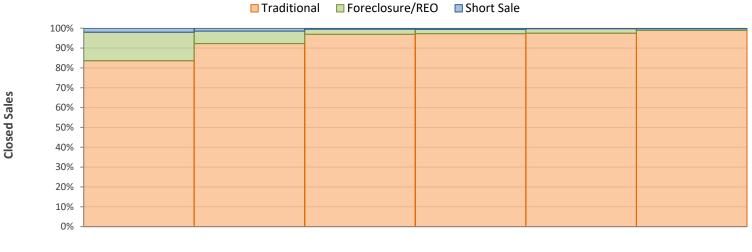
2015

2016

		2020	2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	2,624	2,342	12.0%
Traditional Me	Median Sale Price	\$404,000	\$375,000	7.7%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	23	53	-56.6%
FOIECIOSUIE/REO	Median Sale Price	\$304,000	\$195,000	55.9%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	8	7	14.3%
SHULL SAIR	Median Sale Price	\$222,000	\$335,000	-33.7%

2019

2018



2017

