



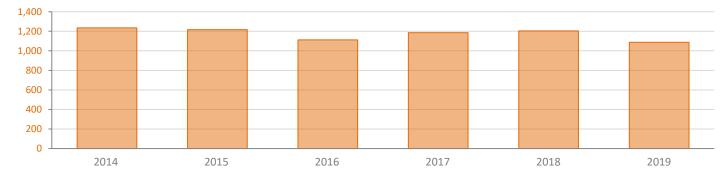
Summary Statistics	2019	2018	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	1,088	1,204	-9.6%
Paid in Cash	638	748	-14.7%
Median Sale Price	\$160,000	\$150,000	6.7%
Average Sale Price	\$201,884	\$186,082	8.5%
Dollar Volume	\$219.6 Million	\$224.0 Million	-2.0%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	94.7%	94.3%	0.4%
Median Time to Contract	40 Days	42 Days	-4.8%
Median Time to Sale	79 Days	80 Days	-1.3%
New Pending Sales	1,137	1,238	-8.2%
New Listings	1,442	1,440	0.1%
Pending Inventory	98	113	-13.3%
Inventory (Active Listings)	382	351	8.8%
Months Supply of Inventory	4.2	3.5	20.0%

Closed Sales
The number of sales transactions which closed during
the year

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Year	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2019	1,088	-9.6%
2018	1,204	1.5%
2017	1,186	6.7%
2016	1,112	-8.6%
2015	1,216	-1.5%
2014	1,234	0.4%





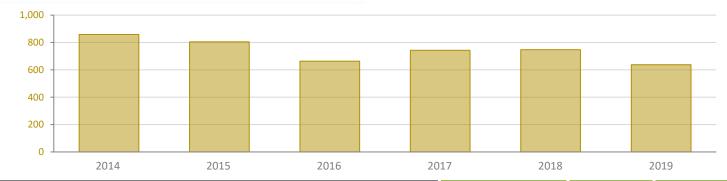
Cash Sales



The number of Closed Sales during the year in which
buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Year	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2019	638	-14.7%
2018	748	0.7%
2017	743	12.1%
2016	663	-17.6%
2015	805	-6.3%
2014	859	-3.3%

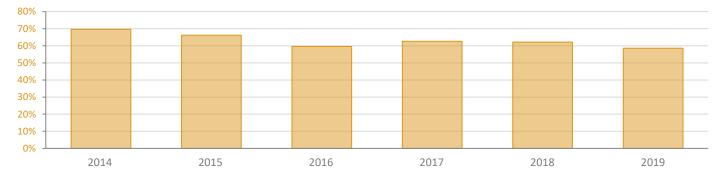


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each year involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Year	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2019	58.6%	-5.6%
2018	62.1%	-0.8%
2017	62.6%	5.0%
2016	59.6%	-10.0%
2015	66.2%	-4.9%
2014	69.6%	-3.7%





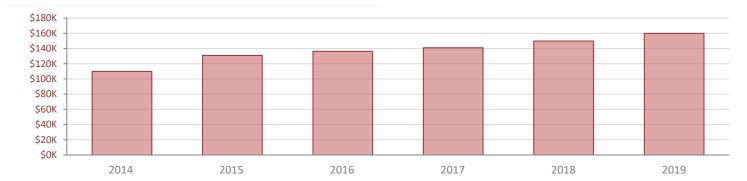


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each year, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2019	\$160,000	6.7%
2018	\$150,000	6.4%
2017	\$141,000	3.3%
2016	\$136,450	4.2%
2015	\$131,000	19.1%
2014	\$110,000	10.0%



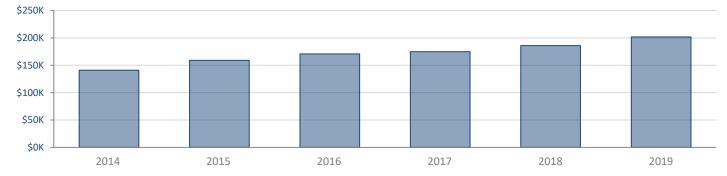
Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Year	Average Sale Price	Year-over-Year
2019	\$201,884	8.5%
2018	\$186,082	6.4%
2017	\$174,953	2.4%
2016	\$170,921	7.5%
2015	\$158,992	12.9%
2014	\$140,841	1.1%



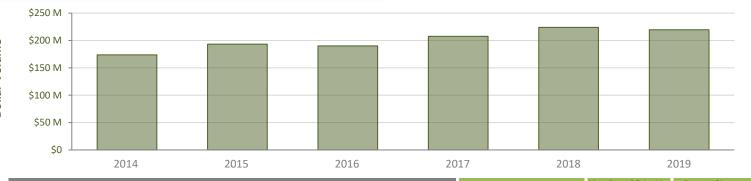




The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed	
during the year	

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Year	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2019	\$219.6 Million	-2.0%
2018	\$224.0 Million	8.0%
2017	\$207.5 Million	9.2%
2016	\$190.1 Million	-1.7%
2015	\$193.3 Million	11.2%
2014	\$173.8 Million	1.5%



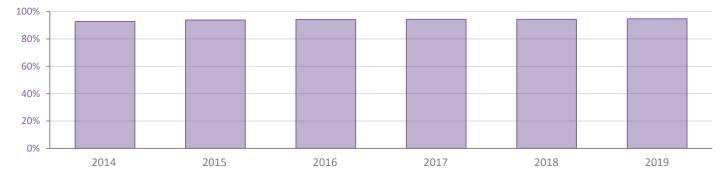
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the year

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Year	Price Received	Year-over-Year
2019	94.7%	0.4%
2018	94.3%	0.0%
2017	94.3%	0.1%
2016	94.2%	0.4%
2015	93.8%	1.2%
2014	92.7%	0.5%







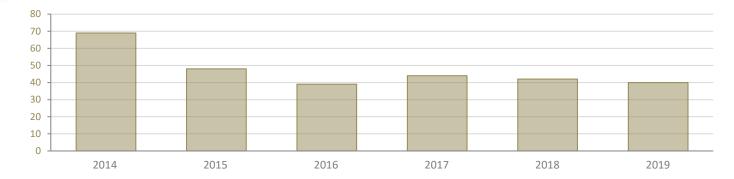
Median	Time to	Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Year	Median Time to Percent Chang Contract Year-over-Yea		
2019	40 Days	-4.8%	
2018	42 Days	-4.5%	
2017	44 Days	12.8%	
2016	39 Days	-18.8%	
2015	48 Days	-30.4%	
2014	69 Days	-5.5%	

Median Time to



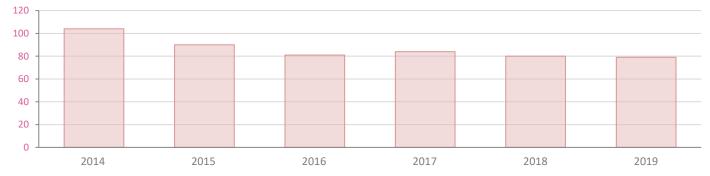
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Year	Median Time to Sale	Year-over-Year	
2019	79 Days	-1.3%	
2018	80 Days	-4.8%	
2017	84 Days	3.7%	
2016	81 Days	-10.0%	
2015	90 Days	-13.5%	
2014	104 Days	-9.6%	

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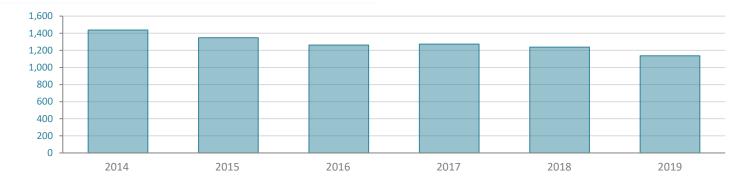




New Pending Sales The number of listed properties that went under contract during the year

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
2019	1,137	-8.2%	
2018	1,238	-2.7%	
2017	1,272	0.9%	
2016	1,261	-6.4%	
2015	1,347	-6.3%	
2014	1,438	-1.0%	



New Listings The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Year	New Listings	Year-over-Year	
2019	1,442	0.1%	
2018	1,440	-5.0%	
2017	1,515	-2.0%	
2016	1,546	7.1%	
2015	1,444	-7.5%	
2014	1,561	-3.3%	

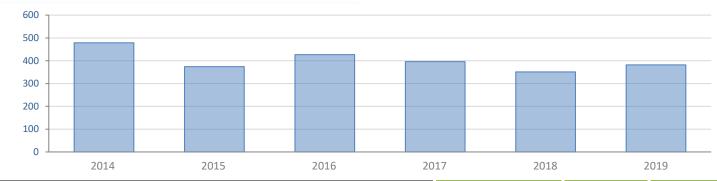




inventory (Active Listings)
The number of property listings active at the end of
the year

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Year	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
2019	382	8.8%	
2018	351	-11.4%	
2017	396	-7.3%	
2016	427	14.2%	
2015	374	-21.9%	
2014	479	-20.8%	



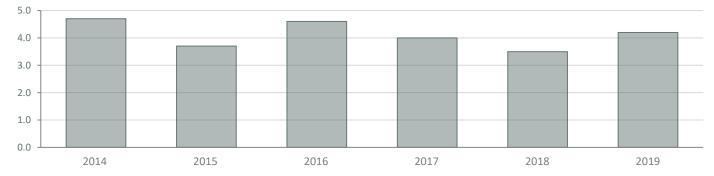
Months Supply of Inventory (Year-End)

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Year	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
2019	4.2	20.0%	
2018	3.5	-12.5%	
2017	4.0	-13.0%	
2016	4.6	24.3%	
2015	3.7	-21.3%	
2014	4.7	-20.3%	





Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
Less than \$50,000	8	-75.8%	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	160	-25.9%	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	297	-14.4%	
\$150,000 - \$199,999	258	-6.2%	
\$200,000 - \$249,999	122	4.3%	
\$250,000 - \$299,999	97	18.3%	
\$300,000 - \$399,999	63	-3.1%	
\$400,000 - \$599,999	49	14.0%	
\$600,000 - \$999,999	29	70.6%	
\$1,000,000 or more	5	-44.4%	

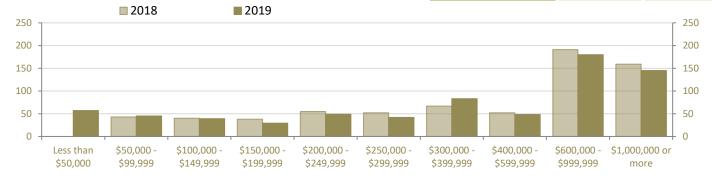


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	57 Days	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	45 Days	4.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	39 Days	-2.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	29 Days	-23.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	49 Days	-10.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	42 Days	-19.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	83 Days	23.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	48 Days	-7.7%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	180 Days	-5.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	145 Days	-8.8%



Median Time to Contract

New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
Less than \$50,000	9	12.5%	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	166	-19.8%	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	345	1.5%	
\$150,000 - \$199,999	396	14.8%	
\$200,000 - \$249,999	170	3.7%	
\$250,000 - \$299,999	135	1.5%	
\$300,000 - \$399,999	89	-8.2%	
\$400,000 - \$599,999	86	26.5%	
\$600,000 - \$999,999	29	-17.1%	
\$1,000,000 or more	17	-60.5%	

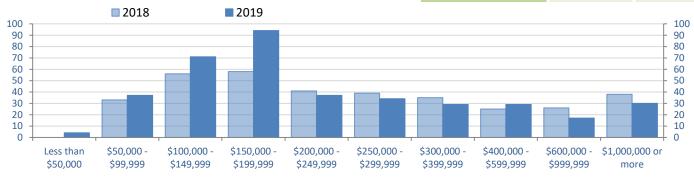


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	4	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	37	12.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	71	26.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	94	62.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	37	-9.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	34	-12.8%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	29	-17.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	29	16.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	17	-34.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	30	-21.1%



Yearly Distressed Market - 2019 Townhouses and Condos Martin County



2019



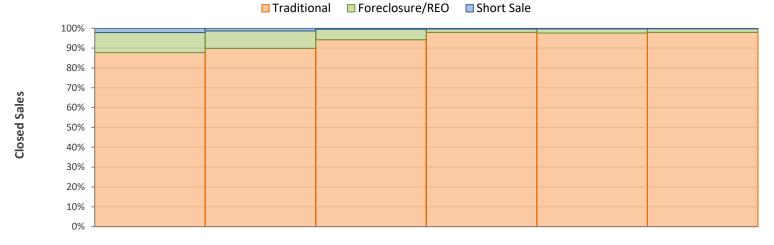
2014

2015

		2019	2018	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	1,065	1,175	-9.4%
	Median Sale Price	\$162,000	\$150,000	8.0%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	20	25	-20.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$128,500	\$136,825	-6.1%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	3	4	-25.0%
SHOIT SAIR	Median Sale Price	\$280,000	\$159,625	75.4%

2018

2017



2016

