

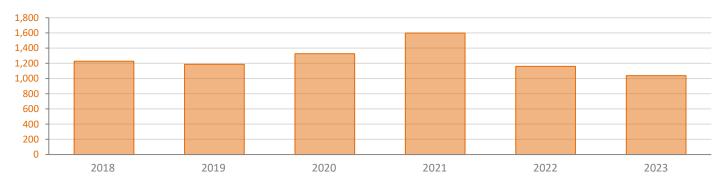


Summary Statistics	2023	2022	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	1,039	1,161	-10.5%
Paid in Cash	574	624	-8.0%
Median Sale Price	\$305,000	\$280,000	8.9%
Average Sale Price	\$360,388	\$357,614	0.8%
Dollar Volume	\$374.4 Million	\$415.2 Million	-9.8%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.1%	97.8%	-2.8%
Median Time to Contract	40 Days	16 Days	150.0%
Median Time to Sale	81 Days	54 Days	50.0%
New Pending Sales	1,147	1,211	-5.3%
New Listings	1,669	1,496	11.6%
Pending Inventory	87	96	-9.4%
Inventory (Active Listings)	556	291	91.1%
Months Supply of Inventory	6.4	3.0	113.3%

Closed Sales	
The number of sales transactions which closed duri	ng
the year	

**Economists' note**: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Year	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2023	1,039	-10.5%
2022	1,161	-27.3%
2021	1,598	20.5%
2020	1,326	11.7%
2019	1,187	-3.3%
2018	1,228	1.1%



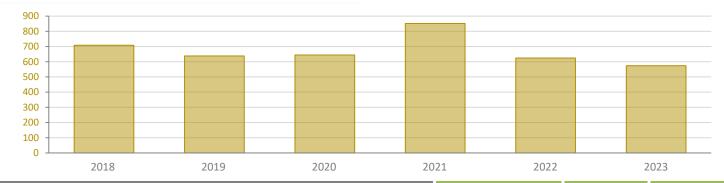


# Cash Sales The number of Closed Sales during the year in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

**Economists' note**: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Year	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2023	574	-8.0%
2022	624	-26.8%
2021	852	32.3%
2020	644	0.9%
2019	638	-9.9%
2018	708	-3.8%



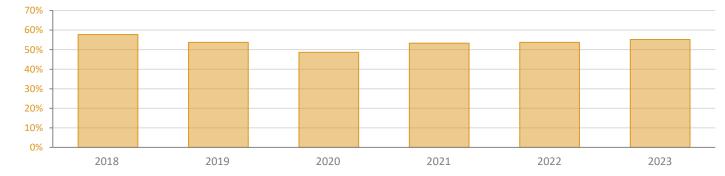


# Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which were Cash Sales

**Economists' note**: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each year involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Year	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2023	55.2%	2.8%
2022	53.7%	0.8%
2021	53.3%	9.7%
2020	48.6%	-9.5%
2019	53.7%	-6.9%
2018	57.7%	-4.8%





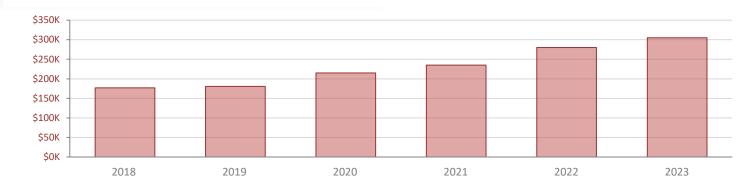


# Median Sale Price The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 5)

The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

**Economists' note**: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each year, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2023	\$305,000	8.9%
2022	\$280,000	19.1%
2021	\$235,000	9.3%
2020	\$215,000	19.1%
2019	\$180,500	2.1%
2018	\$176,750	4.0%



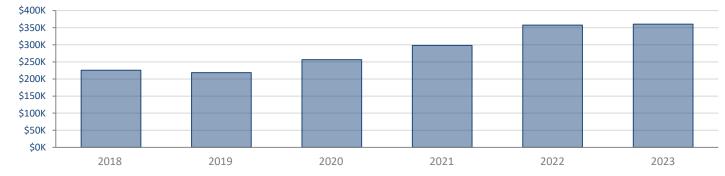
### Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

*Economists' note*: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Year	Average Sale Price	Year-over-Year
2023	\$360,388	0.8%
2022	\$357,614	20.0%
2021	\$298,110	16.2%
2020	\$256,569	17.4%
2019	\$218,574	-3.2%
2018	\$225,692	6.3%



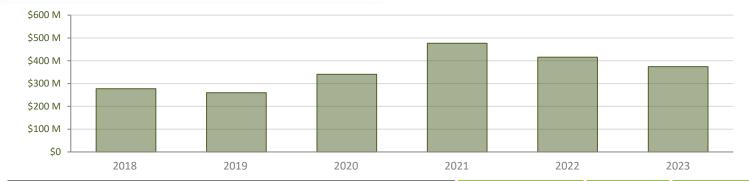




Donal Volume
The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed
during the year

*Economists' note*: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Year	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2023	\$374.4 Million	-9.8%
2022	\$415.2 Million	-12.8%
2021	\$476.4 Million	40.0%
2020	\$340.2 Million	31.1%
2019	\$259.4 Million	-6.4%
2018	\$277.1 Million	7.5%



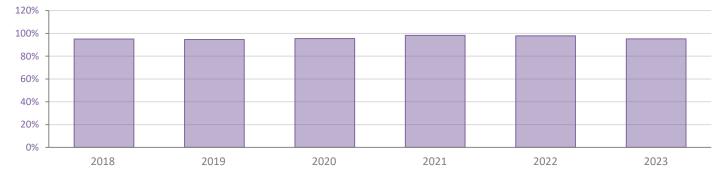
#### Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the year

**Economists' note**: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Year	Price Received	Year-over-Year
2023	95.1%	-2.8%
2022	97.8%	-0.5%
2021	98.3%	3.0%
2020	95.4%	0.8%
2019	94.6%	-0.4%
2018	95.0%	0.3%





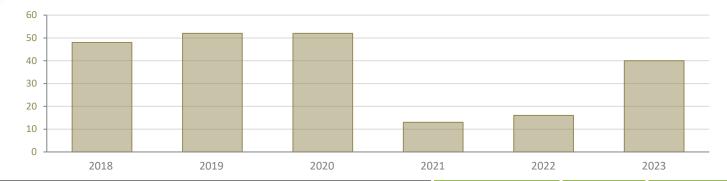


The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

*Economists' note*: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Year	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2023	40 Days	150.0%
2022	16 Days	23.1%
2021	13 Days	-75.0%
2020	52 Days	0.0%
2019	52 Days	8.3%
2018	48 Days	-11.1%

Median Time to Contract



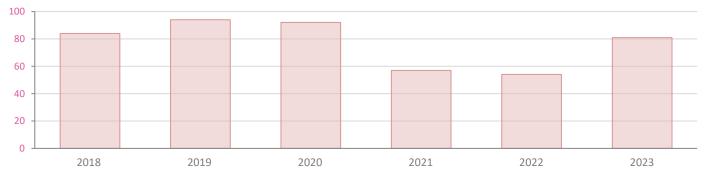
#### Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the year

**Economists' note**: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Year	Median Time to Sale	Year-over-Year
2023	81 Days	50.0%
2022	54 Days	-5.3%
2021	57 Days	-38.0%
2020	92 Days	-2.1%
2019	94 Days	11.9%
2018	84 Days	-11.6%

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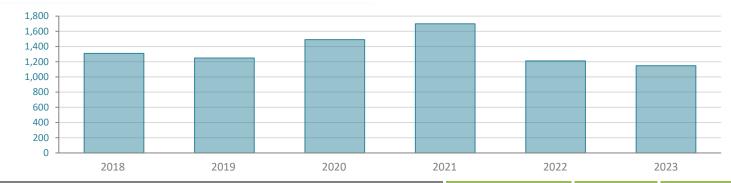




New Lending Sales
The number of listed properties that went under
contract during the year

**Economists' note**: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

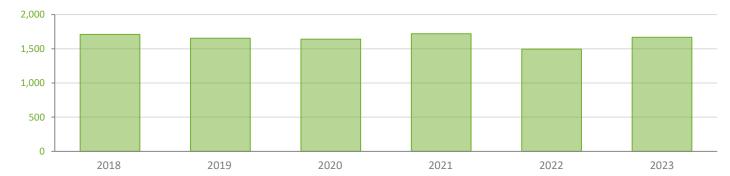
Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2023	1,147	-5.3%
2022	1,211	-28.7%
2021	1,699	14.0%
2020	1,490	19.3%
2019	1,249	-4.7%
2018	1,310	-1.7%



# New Listings The number of properties put onto the market during the year

*Economists' note*: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Year	New Listings	Year-over-Year
2023	1,669	11.6%
2022	1,496	-13.0%
2021	1,720	4.9%
2020	1,639	-0.9%
2019	1,654	-3.3%
2018	1,710	7.8%



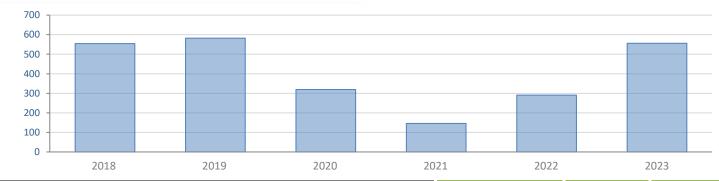


Inventory	(Active Li	stings)		
The number	of proporty	, lictings	activo	at th

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Year	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2023	556	91.1%
2022	291	99.3%
2021	146	-54.2%
2020	319	-45.2%
2019	582	5.1%
2018	554	7.4%



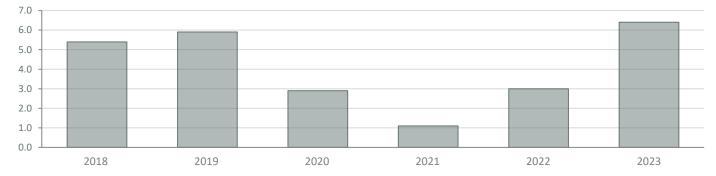
### Months Supply of Inventory (Year-End)

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

*Economists' note*: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Year	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2023	6.4	113.3%
2022	3.0	172.7%
2021	1.1	-62.1%
2020	2.9	-50.8%
2019	5.9	9.3%
2018	5.4	5.9%







#### Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

**Economists' note**: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-50.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1	-95.2%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	73	-21.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	150	-21.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	127	-11.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	158	-9.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	211	43.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	199	-22.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	99	-10.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	20	-9.1%

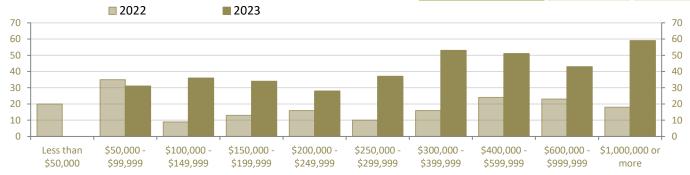


#### Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

*Economists' note*: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0 Days	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	31 Days	-11.4%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	36 Days	300.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	34 Days	161.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	28 Days	75.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	37 Days	270.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	53 Days	231.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	51 Days	112.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	43 Days	87.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	59 Days	227.8%





## New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

*Economists' note:* New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	-100.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	64	-28.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	199	-6.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	182	11.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	220	-4.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	331	45.2%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	396	10.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	206	29.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	68	58.1%

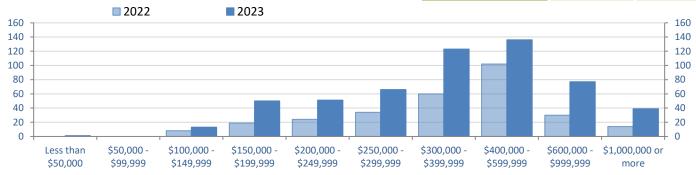


### Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	13	62.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	50	163.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	51	112.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	66	94.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	123	105.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	136	33.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	77	156.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	39	178.6%



#### Yearly Distressed Market - 2023 Townhouses and Condos St. Lucie County



2023



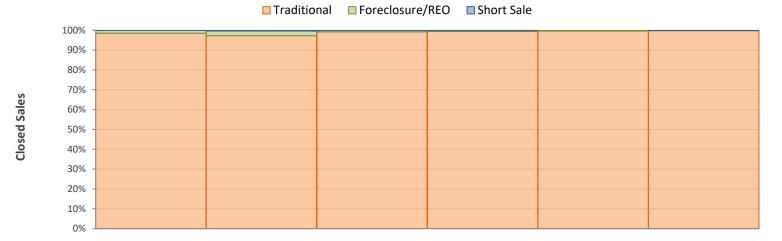
2018

2019

		2023	2022	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	1,036	1,156	-10.4%
Hauitional	Median Sale Price	\$305,000	\$280,000	8.9%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	2	5	-60.0%
Forectosure/REO	Median Sale Price	\$127,500	\$229,000	-44.3%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	1	0	N/A
SHULL SAIR	Median Sale Price	\$435,000	(No Sales)	N/A

2022

2021



2020

